Implementing technology solutions in the NHS- a review

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market drivers

Macroeconomics and recession - 20 billion deficit

- Nicholson challenge- NHS reforms- Must change attitude"
- Commissioning Care groups
- Foundation trust applications
- QIPP and CIP initiatives
- Change in metrics- Outcomes vs targets
- Increasing demand/decreasing resources-money/manpower

New information strategy

- Death of national program for IT
- Shift from Data collection to information presentation
- Patient centricity not organisation
- Patient choice

Accountable care

- Patient pathways rather than departmental service
- CQUINN and monitor being more visible- safety in care
- Global best practice exchanges and pressures
- Rapidly evolving technology landscape
- Evidence based care
- Care closer to home agenda

Other drivers

- Changing demographics- ageing population
- Large scale visible fiasco's in the NHS mid staff

NHS and the US markets

NHS	US		
Universal health care. Free at point of care. Minimal private participation	Insurance and commercial market forces drive delivery of majority of healthcare- (have to see impact of Patient protection and affordable care act)		
Budget to spend. Profit is not a motive	Focus on Increasing revenue and profit		
Predefined Fixed contracts and tariffs	Fee-for-service reimbursement- You are paid if you claim		
How well you can spend (rather save-CIP/QIPP)-	Change agenda led by both savings as well as creating new markets		
No financial incentives to transform-	Incentivised to transform-E.H.R Incentive		
Compliance is adequate or the focus	program		
No legislation to drive technology standards	Legislation drive adoption and standards in healthcare- Meaningful use agenda, HITECH Act,		

NHS and the US markets

Similarities

Lack of transparency about the cost and quality of healthcare, compounded by limited data, to inform consumer

Fragmentation in care delivery

Population aging, rising rates of chronic disease and co-morbidities, and lifestyle factors and personal health choices

Changing trends in healthcare market consolidation and competition for providers and insurers

High unit prices of medical services

Current State Assessment Infrastructure, Technology and Reporting

- Multiple disparate clinical systems and databases
- Minimal interfacing or integration of clinical data other than demographics/results
- Duplication of data within sub systems
- Limited customisation capability
- No point of care data capture

Current State Assessment Process automation and workflows support in NHS

Scheduling and resources management

Admission/transfer

Clinical Assessments and documentation

Nursing assessments documentation

Diagnostic services- Paper/Electronic

Care planning/pathways-Task lists

Medication management

Internal Referrals

Handovers

Multidisciplinary assessments

Discharge/ETTA

Clinical Correspondences

Patient education/communications

Clinical audit/research

Reporting- Manual/Electronic

- Electronic/paper- CRS

- Electronic-CRS

- Paper

- Paper

- Freenet/CRS/others

- paper

- Paper

- Paper/Manual

- Paper/Manual

- paper

- Electronic/Paper/ Freenet

- Electronic/Paper/Freenet

- Paper

- Manual/ isolated databases

- Manual/Cerner-? trust DWH

DIRECT CARE DELIVERY

Develop Clinical Best Practice

Manage Performance

Plan Service Provision

DELIVER CARE

Plan

Initiate Care

Assess **Patient**

Prioritise Care

Plan Care

Schedule Care

Intervene

Advise on Care

Treat Patient Transfer Care

SUPPORT CARE DELIVERY

Provide Support Services- Labs, Radiology, Pharmacy, Materials Management

Manage Records & Business Intelligence Systems

Manage Finances

Manage Prevention & Screening

State of automation of care processes in BLT

- None or very basic automation
- Simple standalone electronic solutions, no automated workflows
- Robust integrated Clinical Systems with workflow automation

Current State Assessment Clinical risk and patient safety

- Key findings from Risk management audit- top 5 correctable areas that lead to risk and litigations (....pounds value)
 - Incomplete documentation-consent, allergies, missing episodes of care
 - Missing records/case notes
 - Maternity documentation- CTG records
 - Abnormal radiology findings management
 - Theatres management- error reduction
 - Discharge process

Summary of current state-NHS IT

- Lack of system integration
- Fragmented experience
- Hybrid paper/electronic use
- Lack intuitiveness due to limited clinical input
 - Too much time sifting through raw data
- Partial adoption of poorly optimized tool
 - Paper paradigm remain embedded in automation
- Working to deadlines vs optimal outcome

The NHS IT current state- Level 2-3 (HIMSS)

LIVIII / IGODEIOII IVIOGEI	EMR	Ador	otion	Model™
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Stage	Cumulative Capabilities	2007 Final	2008 Final
Stage 7	Medical record fully electronic; HCO able to contribute CCD as byproduct of EMR; Data warehousing in use	0.0%	0.3%
Stage 6	Physician documentation (structured templates), full CDSS (variance & compliance), full R-PACS	0.3%	0.5%
Stage 5	Closed loop medication administration	1.9%	2.5%
Stage 4	CPOE, CDSS (clinical protocols)	2.2%	2.5%
Stage 3	Clinical documentation (flow sheets), CDSS (error checking), PACS available outside Radiology	25.1%	35.7%
Stage 2	Clinical Data Repository, Controlled Medical Vocabulary, Clinical Decision Support, may have Document Imaging	37.2%	31.4%
Stage 1	Ancillaries – Lab, Rad, Pharmacy – All Installed	14.0%	11.5%
Stage 0	All Three Ancillaries Not Installed	19.3%	15.6%
	Total Hospitals	n = 5073	n = 5166

Future of IT in NHS

- Information analysis and presentation services- predictive analysis, dashboards, portals- HIE/advanced data mining
- Electronic Integrated care pathways
- Mobile technology/ Point of care device strategy
- Electronic content management/ document management
- CPOE
- Voice recognition and digital dictation innovations
- Patient safety/experience related technologies- RFID/Smart wrist bands/Bedside consoles/home monitoring/device/SMS reminders/
- Smart phone health apps and capabilities
- Cloud based services and solution delivery
- Tele-health/tele-monitoring
- Innovative drug delivery/monitoring technologies- sensor centric technologies
- Population health/ disease prevention technologies
- Wireless technologies in healthcare
- Social media in healthcare

Preparing for the Not-Too-Distant Future: Clinical Care

Stage 3: Prepare for the Future

- · Patient portal
- · PHRs

Stage 2: Address Current Market Requirements

· Advanced clinical applications

Stage 3: Prepare for the Future

- ADE surveillance
- Medical device integration
- ·HIE

Antibiotic mgmt. & infection control

Stage 1: Lay the Foundation

- Electronic patient data
- Secure access
- Remote access
- Continuous computing
- Wireless
- · Mobile device options
- Integrating external data
- Standards

Data capture & reporting

Stage 3: Prepare for the Future

 Advanced data mining Ambulatory data integration

Stage 3: Prepare for the Future

- Remote consultations
- · Patient self mgmt
- Remote monitoring
- · VolP phones
- Biometrics

Increasing IT adoption in healthcare

- Thought leadership
- Publish evidence- communicate success
- Campaign and collaborate (CCIO, open-EHR etc)
- Demonstrate value every time
- Integrate with roles and curriculums
- Legislation and incentives
- Increasing domain input and clinical leadership

Benefits management

The steps in the process of benefits realisation are as follows:

- Identification Capturing target, high level benefits in a process area
- Clarification Achieving sufficient detail so that an expected benefit's measure can be defined
- Base lining Identifying each benefit's current measure, expected measurements are validated
- Monitoring and Tracking Benefits are placed on the <u>Benefits</u>
 <u>Register</u> with current information and expected measures. Future measures are included at specified dates.
- Analysing/Optimising Process of review whereby the actual benefit tracked is compared to the expected benefit. If variation is discovered further analysis is required to determine the cause and put necessary activities in place.

metrics you would evaluate

- Outcomes
- Experience
- Savings
- Compliance

They should be measurable, repeatable and preferably system generated

Methods and techniques

- ADOPTS
- POLDAT- CSC Catalyst
- LEAN (fish bone, brain-storming, huddles, time and motion studies, FMEA, levelling)
- ADKAR (benefits realisation)
- Current state and future state mapping
- Value stream mapping
- Visual management-dash-boarding
- PRINCE2/MSP

"Tell me -I forget. Show me -I remember. Involve me -I understand" Lao Tze-500BC

Tools and Templates Provide a Proven Foundation for Successful Implementations

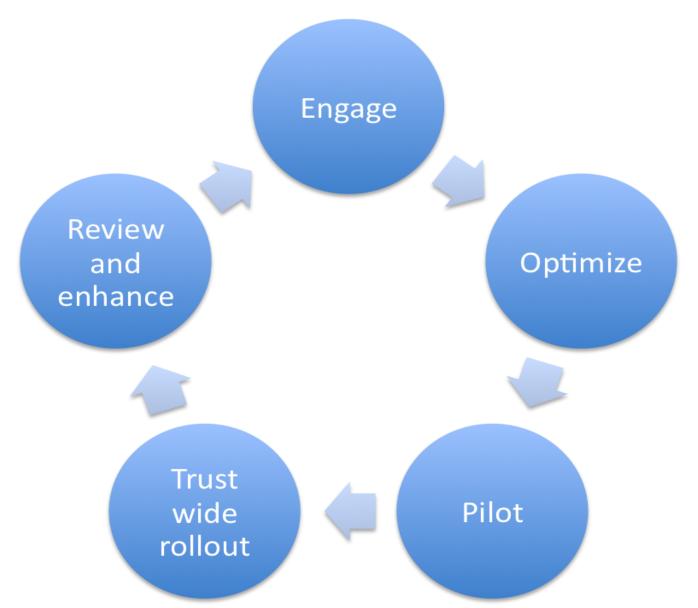
Domain	ssess	esign	ptimize	repare	ransform	ustain
Governance & Leadership	Develop governance structure Develop communication strategy	Validate governance structure Execute communication strategy	Address HR and organizational impacts Address policy and procedure gaps	Change agent training Review unanticipated consequences from lessons learned	Support the go-live Pre-change support communication	Hand off to client Lessons learned
Workflow Redesign	Map Current State processes Review areas for improvement	Develop "ideal" future state and gap Identify transformation priorities	Simulation modeling Create "realistic" future state understanding technology limitations	Validate future state and incorporate into training materials Training for staff on changes to workflow	Workflow training Identify barriers w/go-live	Identify barriers w/go-live Optimize process after go-live
Change Management	Review organization readiness Review organization history of change	Initiate change management plan Identify change agents	Develop "day in the life of…" scenarios Initiate change management education	Change agent training Change agent feedback	Support during go-live Feedback sessions	Ongoing training Change management Support
Clinician Adoption	Environmental analysis Assess solution Cultural readiness review	Value management Develop clinical knowledge-based content	Technical readiness Validate clinical knowledge-based content	Core competency training Pre go-live support Solution training	Go-live support Post-go-live support	Value management support Change management support
Benefits Realization	Create and communicate the vision Assess current benefits programs	Establish criteria/indicators Deploy the indicator selection/design process	Establish targets/ thresholds	Develop data collection strategy Implement training program	Implement revised workflows to achieve results Launch collection tracking process	Develop/conduct ongoing program management Integrate quality and benefits programs
Technology	Infrastructure capacity planning Site walkthrough and technology review Project Workplan	Infrastructure, physical plant, facilities, data conversion, interface requirements Detail system requirements and specifications Acquire hardware/ software upgrades	System build Interface development Conversion programming End-user device walk-throughs	Test approach; test plans, test scripts developed Unit, system, integrated, performance, stress tests Training plans, materials, curriculum, schedules Competency testing; security setup	Go-live planning Command center Data conversions Build in production Move all interface pointers End-user devices deployed and tested	 Go-live issues resolution Transition to support Lessons learned System monitoring

SCORE Benefits Realization Program Provides Accountability for Improved Outcomes

Benefits Realization

Safety/Quality	Clinical Adoption	Operational Efficiency	Return on Investment	Evidence-based Decision-making
 Medication errors by type Adverse drug event rate CMS compliance score The Joint Commission/National Patient Safety Goals compliance scores (e.g., Falls, SSI, med reconciliation rate) Reduced mortality and morbidity Completion of screening assessments (e.g., vaccinations) Patient education/discharge teaching compliance 	 User satisfaction End-user login percent by discipline Remote access utilization to patient related information Help desk calls by reason for call CPOE utilization rate Ordering provider electronic signature timeliness Clinical documentation completion rate 	 Emergency Department Left Without Being Seen (LWBS) Throughput Emergency Department (time from door to admit/discharge) Missed transfers (bed availability) Coding compliance (CMI appropriateness) Worked hours per unit of service by department Duplicate tests (Lab/Rad) by cancellation reason Medical records deficiency rate Time to process (tests/specimens/procedures) Time to results (Lab/Rad order to final results) 	 Denials Discharged Not Final Billed (DNFB) LOS and cost for top 25 DRGs by payer source Overall pharmacy cost per case mix adjusted discharged Operating expense/adjusted discharge Recruitment cost avoidance Adverse drug events/1,000 patient days Reproduction, document storage costs 	 Use of evidence-based order sets Use of alert overrides Use of acceptance reminders Use of knowledge resource links Use of clinical pathways Use of patient risk assessment tools

Clinical Engagement Cycle



Approach to engagement with clinicians- what I have learnt

- Set up a consistent resourced engagement program from the beginning
- Make them the owners of the decisions while you drive the plan
- Involve them at all stages
- Usability-Usability-Customisation. Localisation personalisation
- Champion the champions. Actively manage and convert the critics (worst mistake is to ignore them) Being pro-active and responsive helps.
- They don't always know what they want and definitely don't know what you can give. When this gap is bridged you find the best of friends.
- Have robust Clinical Governance and consensus process- CAG
- Disengage to engage with Quick wins and proof of concepts
- Start small and scale up if possible.
- Communicate. Keep it simple and clinical. Avoid technical jargon at all cost.
- They are interested in the front end more than the back end
- Don't give false hopes. Dates. Functionality. Reporting capability etc
- Have a Point of care focus.

Approach to engagement with clinicians- what I have learnt

- Time is their biggest constraint
- They are not dumb or technophobic. They just need to see "value"
- Rigour and rhythm is critical to a successful engagement program. Consistency in dates, meetings, messages
- "What's in it for me"- if you don't address it you don't have ears to listen
- Nothing works like peer pressure Publish. Present. Audit what u do. They like that
- Show the long-term vision and how your proposed projects fit with it
- Position technology as front end enabler, not just back end support
- Show you can get the data out in the format they need
- They respect evidence. Often demand it. So have it ready if possible
- Top down approach does not work very often.
- They can always find an excuse not to engage/use so don't land there.
- Their best escape- " it will impact patient safety" or " we are already overworked"
- Go to them. Don't expect them to come to you. Onsite meetings will be better attended and have participation
- Be ready for bizarre timings
- Being open and frank will help
- A clinician respects and believes another clinician.
- You need the right level of gravitas, knowledge and competency to challenge them when things are difficult.

Clinical Adoption Themes

Improve user experience

- Quick access to patient record
- Develop personal favorites
- Personalized lists and content

Promote Best Practice

- Reduce dependency on memory and human errors
- Provide Evidence based care sets for specific conditions
- Rule based alerts and flags to support decisions

Automate Workflows

- Replace paper and manual processes
- Combine clinical workflows with documentation
- Task lists and message centre- reminders and notifications

Benefits Delivered- Examples

- Improved user experience
 - Access to all Referral letters, Clinic letters, MDT documentation, in single electronic patient record
 - Quick ordering of multiple investigations
 - Alerting on abnormal and new results availability
 - Personalized patient lists to support audit
 - Ability to capture telephonic consultations in patient record
 - Electronic handover process integrated with patient records- remove multiple diaries

Benefits Delivered-Examples

- Promote best practice
 - Evidence based and Protocol driven electronic care pathway for Upper GI bleed
 - Standardized Order sets for investigating
 Antenatal mothers
 - Algorithm based investigation of Renal and Vasculitis patients

Benefits Delivered-Examples

Automate workflows

- Electronic Referral process and triage onlinereplace telephone calls and postal delay
- Preoperative assessment one stop shop for patient booking for surgery
- Discharge planning workflow- starts and flows through with patient journey
- Message centre- reminders and notifications to clinicians of abnormal results

Cerner- Example Clinical engagement plan

Resolve issues/Complete current projects

Optimize /adopt current functionality

Design/prepare D for Upgrade - Clinical f

Deploy /Adopt new functionality

Nov-Dec 2010

- •A& E- M Page and Power note- Revise Quick Reg process
- Neurosurgery procedures
- Outpatient Blood Cards
- •VTE and CRS
- •IV IG and CRS
- •Reporting options review
- •Doctors trainingnew/refresher courses
- •Clinicians communications
- •BLT clinical collaboration

Nov 2010-March 2011

- •A&E CAS Card replacementadditional power note templates
- Message Centre
- Patient lists / PALS
- Paper Clip
- Problems, Diagnosis,
 Procedures, Allergies
- Clinical notes
- Certified CRS champions course/Refresher training
- •New BMJ care sets

Jan-May2011

- Set up clinical design group
- •eMM
- •Clinical documentation and forms design
- •Clinical databases Audit and Strategy
- •Benefits realization- Base lining metrics
- Non Cerner diagnostics
- Pathology OEFs-order sets
- Care pathways
- •M-Pages- new

May-Dec 2011

- Clinician training
- •Nursing and AHP workflows-review/pilots
- •Reports development
- •Clinical Pilots –Go-live
- •Benefits realization-Measures and Audit loop
- •Trust wide roll out
- •LCARD catalogue training
- •PIEDW Clinical reports

Code freeze/Play Domain